

Windom の解答速報 順天堂大学(医) 英語

I

- (1) 3
- (2) 2
- (3) 3
- (4) 1
- (5) 1
- (6) 3

II

- (1) 3
- (2) 1
- (3) 4
- (4) 2
- (5) 2

III

- (1) 2 番目…3 6 番目…7
(5, 3, 6, 4, 1, 7, 2)
- (2) 2 番目…6 6 番目…4
(3, 6, 5, 7, 1, 4, 2)
- (3) 2 番目…4 6 番目…5
(2, 4, 6, 1, 7, 5, 3)
- (4) 2 番目…7 6 番目…2
(3, 7, 1, 6, 5, 2, 4)
- (5) 2 番目…6 6 番目…4
(3, 6, 2, 7, 5, 4, 1)
- (6) 2 番目…7 6 番目…6
(4, 7, 5, 2, 8, 6, 3, 1)

IV

- A (1) 1
- (2) 4
- (3) 1
- (4) 2
- (5) 4
- (6) 3
- B (1) 1
- (2) 3
- (3) 4
- (4) 2

V (解答例)

Recently scientists have made remarkable progress in genetic technology and what people had never dreamed of has been being realized. There is also a strong possibility that far more surprising breakthroughs will come true. Doctors would be able to cure all the patients suffering from diseases incurable till now with genetic technology. Knowledge about the origin and development of complex diseases could help find preventions against diseases and their treatments. Therapy could become more personalized in the future. As every person has a unique genome, individual therapy could be developed. Furthermore genetic technology may also help understand the aging process and thus improve the quality of life for older people.

Indeed it is really advantageous to medical profession and to society if such things are realized. However, we should not overlook the dark side of this dream technology. That is, when this technology becomes easier and widespread, some doctors may manipulate genes to make people more intelligent or strengthen their memory just to get a lot of money. Others may create superhuman beings by putting some animal genes into human bodies to make super athletes for the Olympic Games. In addition, the data acquired through genetic technology may be misused by insurance companies and employers; they may use the knowledge to do business with people who have a defective gene. Surely those things are terrible and must never be allowed, but anything can happen in this world.

So in order to prevent such horrible things, I think the government should set up an ethical committee to discuss problems which may be caused by genetic technology and make rigorous guidelines for its use. At the same time, each one of us should know this technology well, think of it seriously, and have a clear opinion about it so that our ideas will be considered for the ethical committee to make a decision on the use of this technology. In this way, though it may be insufficient, I suppose we human beings will not enter a wrong way and have catastrophic results by abusing the new technology.

講評

今年度も、例年同様、長文2題、文法・語彙1題、整序1題、自由作文1題の大問5題の形式であった。1題目の長文は、文章全体としては決して読みにくいものではないが、文意がつながりにくい箇所があったり(第4段落の第1文と第2文以降)、設問に対して明確な答えが出しにくいもの(設問(1),(4))があったりして、決して解き易い問題ではなかった。文法・語彙問題では、(2)を *advantageous to* と取らないで、*in itself* にした人が多かったのではないかと思う。*itself* は *company* を指しており、*the terms and conditions* を指すなら *themselves* になるはずである。(4)は、*than* に引きずられて *more* にしたくなるが、*preferable* には比較の意味があるので、*much* が正解である。整序問題は例年より若干難しかったかもしれない。*get the hang of ~*、*to the effect that ~*、*get fed up with ~* のような熟語知識がしっかり頭に入っているかどうか問われていた。二つ目の長文は、例年並だが、Bの(3)で *assist* の意味が取りにくかったかもしれない。*among others* や *in progress* など、Windom が予想した通り、熟語力で差がついた可能性がある。自由作文も予想通り、最近の医学系の話題であった。

合格ラインは75%くらいであろう。